

## 2012-2013

 Correspondence Fast FactsDistance education delivered via correspondence is a critical component of the Lassen Community College (LCC) academic portfolio. In years prior to 2012-2013, the correspondence program made up over $35 \%$ of the LLC annual FTES. The decision to move towards traditional face-to-face reflects directly on the downward trend in annual FTES in the correspondence program outlined in figure 1.

Table 1 Headcount by Term

| Year | $2010-2011$ | $2011-2012$ | $2012-2013$ |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Headcount | 3143 | 2561 | 2030 |

Table 2 FTES by Term

| Term | $2010-2011$ | $2011-2012$ | $2012-2013$ |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Summer | 132.90 | 125.26 | 91.30 |
| Fall | 244.43 | 153.50 | 164.33 |
| Spring | 298.77 | 244.40 | 170.60 |

Figure 1 Annual FTES


Currently, LLC offers a wide variety of course options for students interested in participating in the correspondence program. Table 3 presents a list of courses offered and enrollments by course during the 2012-2013 year.

| Course | 2012SU | 2012FA | 2013SP |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| AJ-10 |  |  | 35 |
| AJ-12 |  | 36 |  |
| AJ-14 |  |  | 36 |
| AJ-20 |  | 37 |  |
| AJ-21 |  | 21 |  |
| AJ-23 |  |  | 36 |
| AJ-24 |  |  | 34 |
| ANTH-1 | 62 | 65 | 65 |
| ART-8 | 155 | 63 | 58 |
| BUS-27 |  |  | 26 |
| CD-31 | 16 |  |  |
| CG-1 | 72 | 208 | 50 |
| CORS-10A |  | 13 |  |
| CORS-10B |  | 20 |  |
| CORS-11 |  |  | 13 |
| ENGL-1 | 54 | 33 | 58 |
| ENGL-102 | 18 | 14 | 26 |
| ENGL-50 | 29 | 49 | 46 |
| ES-1 | 20 | 31 | 50 |
| HIST-16 | 98 | 90 | 67 |
| HIST-17 | 55 | 59 | 33 |
| HLTH-2 | 27 | 99 | 87 |
| HLTH-25 | 67 | 67 | 99 |
| HUM-1 | 24 | 53 | 53 |
| HUM-2 | 78 |  |  |
| HUS-30 | 61 | 206 | 31 |
| MATH-101 | 27 | 30 | 42 |
| MATH-102 |  | 29 | 95 |
| MATH-51 |  | 77 | 91 |
| MATH-60 |  | 59 | 82 |
| PHIL-10 | 108 | 79 | 92 |
| PLSC-1 | 59 |  | 62 |
| PSY-1 | 113 | 31 | 112 |
| PSY-2 | 57 | 55 | 57 |
| PSY-31 | 17 |  |  |
| SOC-1 | 98 | 66 | 69 |
| SOC-2 | 64 | 29 | 89 |

The correspondence student population is made up of a variety of students with diverse cultures. The following tables provide a comparison of student demographic information to provide detail as this modality relates to the campus.

Table 4 Enrollment by Gender

| Gender | $2010-2011$ | $2011-2012$ | $2012-2013$ |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Population (N) | 3143 | 2561 | 2030 |
| Female | $22.9 \%$ | $22.3 \%$ | $22.3 \%$ |
| Male | $77.1 \%$ | $77.7 \%$ | $77.7 \%$ |

Similar to the overall campus, the correspondence courses are primarily enrolled with male students. This information can be attributed to the population service area as the majority of the male students within the program are part of the local participating men correctional institutions.

Table 5 Enrollment by Ethnicity

| Ethnicity | $2010-2011$ | $2011-2012$ | $2012-2013$ |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| African-American/Non-Hispanic | $22.7 \%$ | $23.1 \%$ | $21.3 \%$ |
| American Indian/Alaskan Native | $3.6 \%$ | $3.3 \%$ | $3.6 \%$ |
| Asian | $3.1 \%$ | $3.1 \%$ | $3.6 \%$ |
| Filipino | $0.9 \%$ | $1.0 \%$ | $1.0 \%$ |
| Hispanic | $11.8 \%$ | $15.0 \%$ | $16.7 \%$ |
| Other | $5.5 \%$ | $4.6 \%$ | $7.5 \%$ |
| Pacific Islander | $1.0 \%$ | $1.3 \%$ | $1.8 \%$ |
| White | $45.7 \%$ | $46.5 \%$ | $42.5 \%$ |
| Unknown/Non-Respondent | $5.8 \%$ | $2.0 \%$ | $1.9 \%$ |

The enrollment data in table 5 shows a slight decrease in the African American and white student populations. In contrast, the Hispanic student population has increased by $4.9 \%$ in the last three years. The growth of the Hispanic population mirrors the growth within the entire campus, which has increased to nearly $18 \%$.

Table 6 Enrollment by Age Group

| Age Group | $2010-2011$ | $2011-2012$ | $2012-2013$ |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 17 and Under | $2.3 \%$ | $1.9 \%$ | $2.8 \%$ |
| 18 to 24 | $25.1 \%$ | $22.1 \%$ | $23.8 \%$ |
| 25 to 49 | $61.2 \%$ | $62.9 \%$ | $58.0 \%$ |
| 50 and Over | $11.4 \%$ | $13.1 \%$ | $15.3 \%$ |

Student age primarily falls within the population of 25 to 49 which is representative of the LCC community. Notably, there has been an increase in the older student population which has grown by 3.9\% from 2010-2011 to 2012-2013.

The success rate of correspondence students has shown a $3.6 \%$ increase in the past three years. However, there had been a major decrease from 2011-2012 to 2012-2013 of 4.5\% which can be attributed to student performance in fall 2012.

Table 7 Success Rates by Term

| Term | $2010-2011$ | $2011-2012$ | $2012-2013$ |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Summer | $70.7 \%$ | $87.3 \%$ | $88.2 \%$ |
| Fall | $58.6 \%$ | $66.9 \%$ | $54.8 \%$ |
| Spring | $58.7 \%$ | $62.4 \%$ | $62.0 \%$ |

The retention rate of correspondence students has shown a $0.5 \%$ decrease in the past three years. However, there had been a major decrease from 2011-2012 to 2012-2013 of 7.2\% which can be attributed to student performance in fall 2012.

| Table 8 Retention Rates by Term |  |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Term | $2010-2011$ | $2011-2012$ | $2012-2013$ |
| Summer | $84.20 \%$ | $89.40 \%$ | $86.10 \%$ |
| Fall | $78.20 \%$ | $88.50 \%$ | $76.10 \%$ |
| Spring | $82.80 \%$ | $84.70 \%$ | $81.00 \%$ |

Figure 2 Annual Success and Retention Rates


